

37-4BC

Herod the Great reigned.

He rebuilt the Temple through the power of the Sanhedrin, the Jewish high council diminished under his rule. His attitude toward the Pharisees.

He prepared for succession of power by arranging the deaths of 3 of his



37 BC → 4 BC

King Herod the Great fortified Masada  
to guard against nomads from  
NEGEV. He hired Roman engineers  
to turn the mountain-top into  
an impregnable stronghold to  
serve as his last refuge in the event  
of a popular uprising.

37 BC. - 4 BC

Herod the Great d. 4 BC

In Palestine, Herod paid a fixed tribute to Rome and could collect his own taxes as he saw fit

Head tax on all men age 14 up  
& all women age 12 to 65

Paid at least at rate of 1 denarius per person. 1 Denarius was about a day's wages.

37BC

Grolier Cards

King Herod the Great built  
stronger walls around Jerusalem  
He built the ANTONIA fortress (just beyond  
North West corner of Temple mount )

He built a moat, a sumptuous  
palace, and aqueducts to bring in  
more water.

37BC

Herod displaced the last native ruler,  
ANTIGONUS.

37 BC to 4 BC

With Roman help Herod captured Jerusalem and then actually assumed his office as king. With the exception of Antigonus, Herod ruled from 37 to 4 BC.

37 BC

DURANT

Virgil was dunking in the wine of fame  
in Rome. The Eclogues (Selections) had  
just been published and had been well  
received. The poems were pastoral sketches  
in the manner, sometimes the phrases  
of THEOCRITUS, beautiful in style. Eskythian

37 BC

DURANT

died 4 BC

Herod was made King of Judea by Antony & Octavian. He overlaid the  
class of freedom with dictatorial order.  
Beautified his capital with Greek  
architecture & sculptures, enlarged his  
realm, made it prosper, was broken  
by the treachery of his offspring.  
Josephus described him as a man of  
great political bavety & skill, a perfect

Worshipers with their  
wives and children, all  
of whom were present,  
and who had been invited  
to witness the services  
which were conducted  
in a spirit of reverence  
and devotion, and with  
the highest interest.

37-4BC

~~DURANT~~

Herod (the great). Beautified Jerusalem.  
Built himself a palace. Filled it  
with gold & marble & costly furniture  
& surrounded it with expensive  
gardens.

He shocked the people by telling them  
that the Temple which ZERUBBABEL  
had set up 5 centuries before was too  
small, tore it down & erected a

and so on in the next sample  
of 1000, this is the result  
of the distribution of the  
various classes of goods  
in these households.  
The following table shows  
the number of persons per  
household in each class.  
The first column gives the  
number of households in  
each class, the second the  
average number of persons  
per household, and the  
third the percentage of  
the total population in  
each class.

37 BC - 4 BC

DURANT

Herod had 10 wives, once nine at a time. He had 14 children.

37BC

He died c 4BC

Herod was entrusted by  
Romans with government of  
Jews

He embellished the Temple  
of Ezra

This was destroyed by  
Titus 70AD

37-4 BC

## HEROD THE GREAT

Under the emperor Augustus, Rome was generally peaceful and Herod enjoyed the benefits of this favorable situation. Civil war did break out between Octavian and Anthony which Octavian won at Battle of Actium (31 BC) marking the beginning of the Roman Empire. Herod, a nominal Jew but culturally a Greek, and politically a Roman, tried to please all his subjects, attempting to be a Jew & a Greek to the Gentiles. He rebuilt & enlarged the TEMPLE though the power of the SANCTUARY diminished under his rule. His attitude toward the PHARISEES, however, was probone.

for the Archaeological and Historical Society  
of Liverpool and its neighbourhood. This  
Society has been founded for the promotion  
of the study of Archaeology and History in  
the neighbourhood of Liverpool, and for the  
encouragement of the study of the same in  
other parts of Lancashire and Cheshire.  
The Society has been founded by a Committee  
of gentlemen who have been engaged in  
the study of Archaeology and History in  
the neighbourhood of Liverpool, and for the  
encouragement of the study of the same in  
other parts of Lancashire and Cheshire.

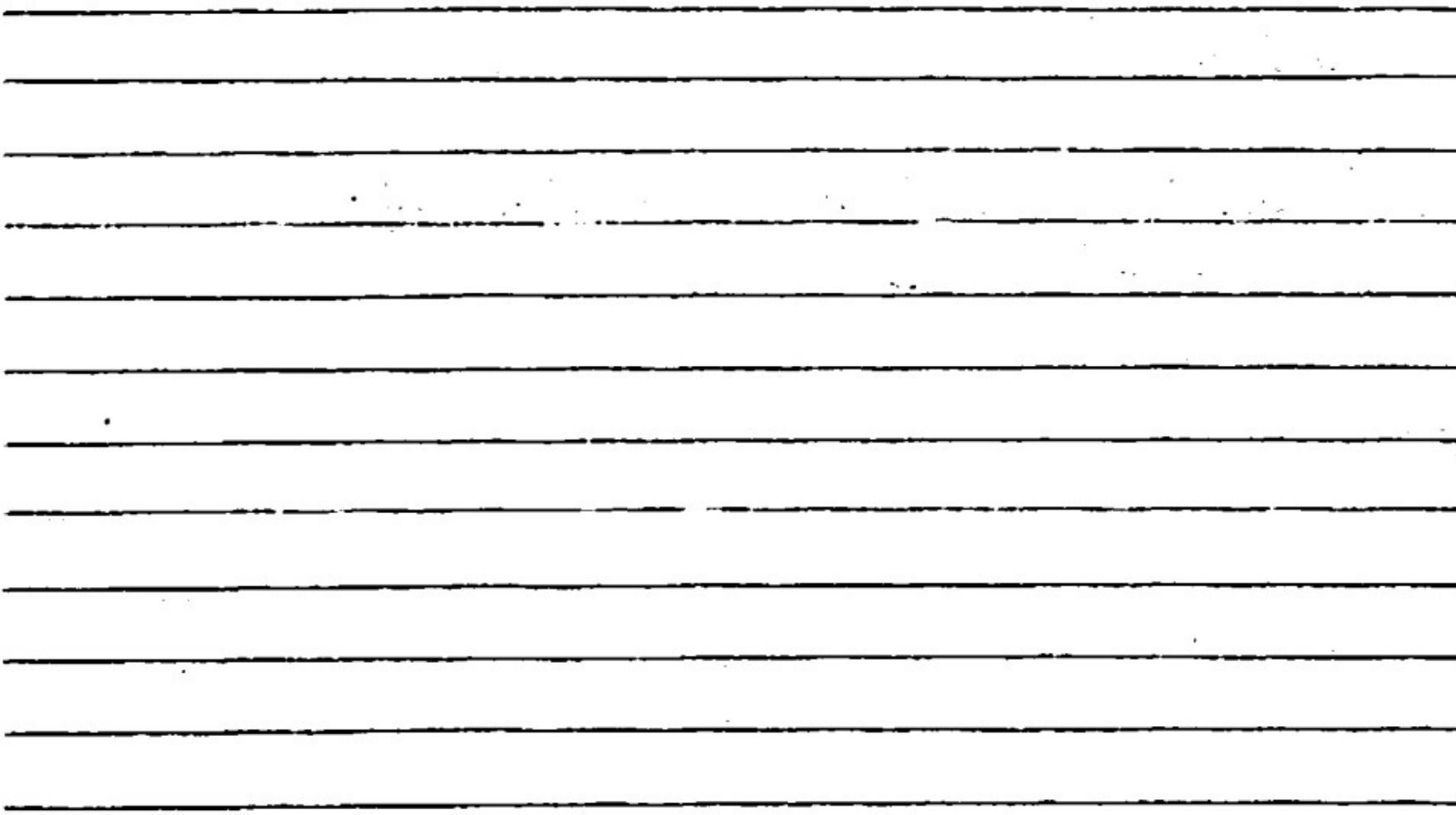
. 112.

37 BC - 4 BC

With Roman help HEROD captured Jerusalem, and then actually assumed the office of "King of the Jews" given him by the Senate of Rome. With the execution of ANTONIUS, the last power struggle of the HASMONEANS had been put down and HEROD ruled from 37 BC to 4 BC.

37 BC

MARK ANTONY & CLEOPATRA  
MARRIED.



37 BC

Anthony and Octavian had their  
powers extended for another 5 years

37 BC to 4 BC

died 4 BC

## HEROD THE GREAT

Friendly with MARC ANTONY  
who secured for him (37 BC = 74 BC)  
the title King of JUDEA. After the battle  
of Actium he made peace with  
Octavian (later Augustus) who thereafter  
showed him great favor. He made great  
efforts to mollify the Jews by publicly observ-  
ing the Law, by building the TEMPLE and

and the reconstruction of the Second  
World War had to wait. In the last  
years of the war it was agreed that the  
whole of the Second World War  
should be reconstructed in the Second  
World War. This was done by the  
Government of the Second World War  
and the reconstruction of the Second  
World War.

686 die offshoots ARISTO BULUS & ALEXANDER  
the same day NARIA NAR  
486 die offshoots ANTIPATER, among them first  
and <sup>the</sup> second

37BC

AGRIPPA was Consul

37BC to 4BC

Eventually, Herod the Great, a half-Jewish, half Arab leader from Edom just south of Judea, rose to power as a tool of the Romans. Appointed by Mark Antony, Herod served as King of Judea from 37 to 4BC. He erected a magnificent palace, a theater, a hippodrome, and rebuilt the Temple.

in a leisurely pace